TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Nevada, 2021

	Event or exposure <sup>2</sup>							
Industry <sup>1</sup>	NAICS code <sup>1</sup>	Total fatal injuries (number)	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals <sup>3</sup>	Transportation incidents <sup>4</sup>	Fires and explosions	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful sub- stances or environments	Contact with objects and equipment
Total		43	7	19		7	5	5
Private industry		40	6	18		6	5	5
Goods producing								
Construction		13				4		
Construction		13				4		
Construction of buildings	236	4						
Specialty trade contractors	238	9						
Building equipment contractors	2382	4						
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	3						
Service providing								
Trade, transportation, and utilities		16		13				
Transportation and warehousing		13		11				
Truck transportation	484	9						
Warehousing and storage	493	1						
Warehousing and storage	4931	1						
General warehousing and storage	49311	1						
Professional and business services								
Professional, scientific, and technical services		1		1				
Professional, scientific, and technical services	541	1		1				
Architectural, engineering, and related services	5413	1		1				
Engineering services	54133	1		1				
Leisure and hospitality		3	3					
Accommodation and food services		3	3					

<sup>1</sup> CFOI has used several versions of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) since 2003 to define industry. For complete information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see o	our
definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm. Cases where ownership is unknown are included in private industry counts. Cases classified as foreign government and other government are in	ncluded
in all government counts, but not displayed separately. Cases where industry is unknown are included in the service sector counts.	

- $^2$  Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.
- <sup>3</sup> Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.
- <sup>4</sup> Includes roadway, nonroadway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.
- <sup>5</sup> Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.
- <sup>6</sup> Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

Note: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. For complete information on how the data are coded and presented see our definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, December, 2022.